

Science Planning & Sequence Team

SATURN TARGET WORKING TEAM

Rev 271 Segment Legacy Package

Segment Boundary: April 25, 2017– April 29, 2017 2017-115T13:12:00 – 2017-119T20:35:00 (SCET)

Integration Began 07/11/2016 Segment Delivered to S99 Sequence 10/26/2016 Lead Integrator was Martin Brennan

Legacy Package Assembled by Martin Brennan

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* N.A. = Slide present but content not available.

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Segment Overview and Final Products

Segment Summary

• Saturn 271 was the first periapse segment of the Proximal Orbits with a periapse of 1.047 R_s , starting ~1 day before perikrone and ending ~3 days after.

• The high inclination Proximal Orbit segment began on the night side, approaching the N. Pole, then passed through perikrone on the day side, where the POST (Proximal periapse pre-integration) science was planned from N. Pole to S. Pole, including an ISS WAC continuous swath "noodle" observation and CIRS and VIMS observations at the poles

• This low altitude Saturn segment provided extremely high resolution observations not possible to date.

• An HGA to RAM turn was performed during ring-plane crossing in order to protect the spacecraft from potential particle impacts in this never-before-flown region between the planet and the rings (inner D-ring)

• The POST science warranted a large Dual Playback: 1388Mb from integration

• Following periapse, ORS solar viewing constraints impacted science placement and CMT constraint management was required during the occulted period.

• The periapse observation period was extremely contentious for data volume, with more than 3388Mb of oversubscribed data in pre-integration (reduced to 2032Mb at Integration kickoff). Multiple rounds of data cuts were required to remedy these data issues.

• The pre-integration placement of the ISS Enceladus Plume activity did not allow time for a waypoint turn, therefore the prior downlink attitude was used as the waypoint for this observation period.

• This segment contained a "jumpstart" period. Due to the challenging geometry and unique science of this phase of the mission, the timeline for the days around periapse was decided in advance of full segment integration. Detailed pointing analysis, constraint checking, and reaction-wheel bias optimization (RBOT) was performed on the periapse period. Relaxed RBOT constraints simplified the wheel bias solution, but a few changes to the initial pointing designs were requested by AACS.

Final Sequenced SPASS (1 of 2)

Poquart	Pidore	Start (SCET)	StDuration	End	Brimany	Secondary	Commonts
Request	Rivers				Primary	Secondary	Comments
Sequence S99, length = 41 days		2017-104T14:55:00		2017-145T08:57:00			
SATURN 271 Segment		2017-115T13:12:00		2017-119T20:35:00		800 7 L 1155	
SP_271SA_WAYPTTURN115_PRIME		2017-115T13:12:00		2017-115T13:52:00	—	POS_Z to NSP	
NEW WAYPOINT		2017-115T13:52:00		2017-116T21:20:00		POS_Z to NSP	
VIMS_271SA_NHEMMAP001_PRIME	C, I, U	2017-115T13:52:00		2017-115T14:52:00		POS_Z to NSP	
UVIS_271SA_AURSLEW001_PRIME	V	2017-115T14:52:00		2017-115T21:30:00		POS_Z to NSP	Collaborative Rider(s): VIMS
VIMS_271SA_NHEMMAP002_PRIME	C, I, U	2017-115T21:30:00		2017-115T22:30:00		POS_Z to NSP	
VIMS_271SA_NPOLMOV001_PIE	C, I, U	2017-115T22:30:00	000T08:00:00	2017-116T06:30:00	ISS_NAC to Saturn_North_Pole	POS_Z to NSP	
Begin Dual Playback Science		2017-116T06:30:00	000T00:00:01	2017-116T06:30:01			
Begin Custom		2017-116T06:30:00	000T00:00:01	2017-116T06:30:01	ISS_NAC to Saturn	POS_Z to NSP	
ISS_271SA_HIRESWACS001_PIE	C, M, V	2017-116T06:30:00	000T02:20:00	2017-116T08:50:00	ISS_NAC to Saturn	POS_X to NEP	Collaborative Rider(s): CIRS. Pick up at ISS_NAC to Saturn, POS_Z to NSP; Hand off at NEG_Z to Dust_RAM, POS_Y to Sun. No Preference to secondary pointing Collaborative Rider(s): ISS. Pick up at NEG_Z to Dust_RAM, POS_Y to Sun;
SP 271DR RAMAVOID116 PRIME	і, м, v	2017-116T08:50:00	000000.20.00	2017-116T09-10-00	NEG Z to Dust RAM	POS_Y to Sun	Hand off at NEG Z to Dust RAM, POS Y to Sun.
Dust Hazard (HGA-to-Dust-Ra	.,, .	2017-116T08:57:16			NEG Z to Dust_RAM	100_100000	
Periapse R = 1.047 Rs, lat		2017-116T09:03:34		2017-116T09:03:35			
		2017-110105.05.54	000100.00.01	2017-110105.05.55			Pick up at NEG Z to Dust RAM, POS Y to Sun;
ISS_271SA_HIRESWACS002_PIE	C, M, V	2017-116T09:10:00	000T01:54:00	2017-116T11:04:00	CIRS_FPB to Saturn (-0.225,15.002,1.088 deg. offset)	NEG_X to NSP	Hand off at CIRS_FPB to 47.677/32.739 (0.0,15.0,0.0 deg. offset), NEG_X to NSP.
CIRS_271SA_REGMAP001_PIE		2017-116T11:04:00	000T03:26:00	2017-116T14:30:00	CIRS_FPB to Saturn	NEG_Z to NSP	Pick up at CIRS_FPB to 47.677/32.739 (0.0,15.0,0.0 deg. offset), NEG_X to NSP; Hand off at ISS_NAC to Saturn (10.0,0.0,0.0 deg. offset), NEG_Z to NSP.
End Dual Playback Science f		2017-116T14:30:00	000T00:00:01	2017-116T14:30:01			
VIMS_271RI_HIPHASE001_PIE	C, I, U	2017-116T14:30:00	000T06:45:00	2017-116T21:15:00	VIMS_IR to Rings	NEG_X to NSP	Pick up at ISS_NAC to Saturn (10.0,0.0,0.0 deg. offset), NEG_Z to NSP;
SP_271SA_WAYPTTURN116_PRIME		2017-116T21:15:00		2017-116T21:20:00	-	NEG_X to NSP	Pick up at ISS_NAC to Saturn (-15.0,0.0,0.0 deg. offset), NEG_X to NSP;
NEW WAYPOINT		2017-116T21:20:00			ISS_NAC to Saturn (-15.0,0.0,0.0 deg.	NEG_X to NSP	
End Custom		2017-116T21:20:00			ISS_NAC to Saturn (-15.0,0.0,0.0 deg.	NEG_X to NSP	
VIMS_271RI_SOLAROCC001_PRIME	U	2017-116T21:20:00			UVIS_SOL_OFF to Sun	NEG_X to 302.7/61.915	Collaborative Rider(s): UVIS
UVIS_271SA_AURNSTARE001_PRIME	C, I, V	2017-116T23:00:00	000T02:39:00	2017-117T01:39:00	UVIS_FUV to Saturn	NEG_X to NSP	Collaborative Rider(s): VIMS. S. Pole - NEG_Y to Sun = 12 deg. at
VIMS_271SA_ALPORIOCC001_PIE	С	2017-117T01:39:00			VIMS_IR to 88.793/7.407	NEG_X to NSP	
UVIS_271SA_AURSLEW002_PRIME	С	2017-117T02:49:00	000T01:58:00	2017-117T04:47:00	UVIS_FUV to Saturn	NEG_X to NSP	
SP_271EA_DLTURN117_PRIME		2017-117T04:47:00	000T00:23:00	2017-117T05:10:00	XBAND to Earth	NEG_X to NSP	
NEW WAYPOINT		2017-117T05:10:00	001T16:05:00	2017-118T21:15:00	XBAND to Earth	NEG_X to NSP	
ENGR_271SC_RWABIAS517_AACS		2017-117T05:10:00	000T00:21:32	2017-117T05:31:32	XBAND to Earth	NEG_X to NSP	
SP_271EA_G70METNON117_PRIME	с	2017-117T05:42:00	000T06:30:00	2017-117T12:12:00	XBAND to Earth	Rolling/Bias	SRU. Request waiver of weekly maintenance to ensure the dual playback of mission critical ENGR data.
Pointer Reset in preparatio		2017-117T12:12:00	000T00:00:01	2017-117T12:12:01			

Martin Brennan

Rev 271 Jumpstart

Final Sequenced SPASS (2 of 2)

	SP_271EA_C70METNON117_PRIME	С	2017-117T12:12:00	000T05:33:00	2017-117T17:45:00	XBAND to Earth	Rolling/SRU	
_	ISS_271EN_PLUME001_PIE	C, U, V	2017-117T17:45:00	000T12:31:00	2017-118T06:16:00	ISS_NAC to Enceladus	NEG_X to NSP	SOST PIE
	VIMS_271SA_GLOBMAP001_PRIME	С	2017-118T06:16:00	000T03:49:00	2017-118T10:05:00	ISS_NAC to Saturn	NEG_X to NSP	
	SP_271EA_YGAP118_PRIME		2017-118T10:05:00	000T01:30:00	2017-118T11:35:00	XBAND to Earth	NEG_X to NSP	
	SP_271EA_C34BWGNON118_PRIME	С	2017-118T11:35:00	000T09:00:00	2017-118T20:35:00	XBAND to Earth	Rolling	
9	SP_271SA_WAYPTTURN118_PRIME		2017-118T20:35:00	000T00:40:00	2017-118T21:15:00	ISS_NAC to Saturn	POS_Z to NSP	
	NEW WAYPOINT		2017-118T21:15:00	000T12:50:00	2017-119T10:05:00	ISS_NAC to Saturn	POS_Z to NSP	
	CIRS_271SA_COMPSIT001_PRIME	U, V	2017-118T21:15:00	000T10:40:00	2017-119T07:55:00	CIRS_FP1 to Saturn	POS_Z to NSP	
	ISS_271SA_LIMBINT001_PRIME	U, V	2017-119T07:55:00	000T01:30:00	2017-119T09:25:00	ISS_NAC to Saturn	POS_Z to NSP	
B	SP_271EA_DLTURN119_PRIME		2017-119T09:25:00	000T00:40:00	2017-119T10:05:00	XBAND to Earth	NEG_X to NSP	
75	NEW WAYPOINT		2017-119T10:05:00	000T22:37:00	2017-120T08:42:00	XBAND to Earth	NEG_X to NSP	
$\overline{}$	SP_271EA_YGAP119_PRIME		2017-119T10:05:00	000T01:30:00	2017-119T11:35:00	XBAND to Earth	NEG_X to NSP	
	SP_271EA_C70METNON119_PRIME	С	2017-119T11:35:00	000T09:00:00	2017-119T20:35:00	XBAND to Earth	Rolling	
	Apoapse Per = 6.4 d, inc =		2017-119T14:22:49	000T00:00:01	2017-119T14:22:50			

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DATA VOLUME SUMMARY --- TRANSFER FRAME OVERHEAD INCLUDED (80 BITS PER 8800-BIT FRAME)

				OBSERVATION_PERIOD								DOWNLINK_PASS								
						P4			 ₽5 	REC(ORDED	 		PLAYE	BACK		 			
DOWNLINK PASS NAME	Start doy hh:mm	 End doy hh:mm	START (Mb)	SCI (Mb)	HK+E (Mb)	TOTAL (Mb)	CPACTY (Mb)	MRGN (Mb)	 OPNAV (Mb)	 SCI (Mb)	ENGR (Mb)		CPACTY (Mb)	MARGN (Mb)	NET_N (Mb)	IARGN (%)	CAROVR (Mb)			
SP_271EA_G70METNON117_PRIME SP_271EA_C70METNON117_PRIME SP_271EA_C34BWGNON118_PRIME SP_271EA_C70METNON119_PRIME	117 12:12 118 11:35	117 17:45 118 20:35	168	3131 0 2140 767	171 0 75 63	3302 1446 2383 2607	3322 3322 3322 3322 3322	20 1876 939 715	0 0 0 0	365 1069 199 199	38 33 53 53	3705 2548 2636 2860	2259 2380 859 3834		715 715 715 1087	4% 4% 4% 6%	1446 168 1776 0			

DATA VOLUME REPORT --- TRANSFER FRAME OVERHEAD NOT INCLUDED

Event	Start doy hh:mm	End doy hh:mm	CAPS (Mb)	CDA (Mb)	CIRS (Mb)	INMS (Mb)	ISS (Mb)	MAG (Mb)	MIMI (Mb)	RADAR (Mb)	RPWS (Mb)	UVIS (Mb)	VIMS (Mb)	PROBE (Mb)	ENGR (Mb)	TOTAL (Mb)
OBSERVATION_NOR SP_271EA_G70METNON117_PRIME SP_271EA_C70METNON117_PRIME DAILY TOTAL SCIENCE	117 12:12	117 12:12	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	117.1 12.3 10.5 139.8	211.7 56.7 16.2 284.6	2.3 2.0	1088.8 0.0 0.0 1088.8	124.9 11.6 9.9 146.4	153.4 19.9 17.0 190.3	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	537.8 255.4 57.9 851.1	166.7 3.6 3.0 173.4	677.0 0.0 0.0 677.0	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	0.0	3271.4 361.7 1059.5
OBSERVATION_NOR SP_271EA_C34BWGNON118_PRIME DAILY TOTAL SCIENCE	118 11:35	118 11:35 118 20:35 118 20:35	0.0 0.0 0.0	33.6 17.0 50.6	202.7 86.4 289.1	3.2	1200.0 0.0 1200.0	31.7 16.0 47.7	54.6 27.5 82.1	0.0 0.0 0.0	84.1 42.4 126.5	187.3 4.9 192.3	320.0 0.0 320.0	0.0 0.0 0.0		2195.0 197.5
OBSERVATION_NOR SP_271EA_C70METNON119_PRIME DAILY TOTAL SCIENCE	119 11:35		0.0 0.0 0.0	28.3 17.0 45.3	76.8 86.4 163.2	5.4 3.2 8.6	100.0 0.0 100.0	26.7 16.0 42.7	45.9 27.5 73.4	0.0 0.0 0.0	70.7 42.4 113.2	56.6 4.9 61.5	350.0 0.0 350.0	0.0 0.0 0.0	62.7 0.0 62.7	823.1 197.5

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Segment Geometry

Saturn 271 Legacy

View of SATURN from CASSINI 2017 APR 25 13:12:00 UTC 23:0° field of view Ram	NEP NEP User	ENCELADUS	Rev 271 INBOUND 2017 - 115713:12:00 SCET 2017 APR 25:13:12:00 SCET 2017 APR 25:13:12:00 SCET 2017 APR 25:14:30:14 EPT Apospage_271 19:51:35 Light time: 78:2 min Orbit period: 64 days Rad_cyl 68437 km 12:42 R Rad_cyl 68437 km 13:18 R 2_ht_cyl 39552 km 5.44 R	s s
		— +z	Semi_axs 667743 km 11.08 R Eccentricity 0.906 Inclination 62.31 deg Sun_range 10.06 AU Earth_range 9.41 AU 	Seg 271 End (below)
Solar System Simulotor v4.0 Point NEG_Y C) at SATURN	SATUR S=20 SEP	RN	Goldstone 17.3 32.1 Canherra 47.1 15.4 Hadrid -64.8 -37.0	View of SATURN from CASSINI- 2017 APR 29 20:35:00 UTC NEP NOP Univ TITAN 2017 APR 29 20:35:00 SCET 13.6° field of view 1 1 1 1 1 2017 APR 29 20:35:00 SCET 2017 APR 29 20:35:00 SCET ad 1 1 1 1 1 2017 APR 29 20:35:00 SCET 2017 APR 29 20:35:00 SCET ad 1 1 1 1 1 2017 APR 29 20:35:00 SCET 2017 APR 29 20:35:00 SCET ad 1 1 1 1 1 2017 APR 29 20:35:00 SCET 2017 APR 29 20:35:00 SCET ad I I 1 1 1 2017 APR 29 20:35:00 SCET ad I I I I III 2017 APR 29 20:35:00 SCET ad I I IIIIAN IIIIAN 2017 APR 29 20:35:00 SCET 2017 APR 29 20:35:00 SCET ad IIIIII IIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII
User vector - RA: +91.633 Tilt L			Year Hour	ENCELADUS Hag_L 21.32 Semi_axs 667766 km 11.08 Rs
DEC: +7.299 Left Paste Current RA/DEC	Reset Right Fill Sc ge Down I Hi Res Zoor		Month Minute	Inclination 62.33 deg
Turn analyzer: SATURN \diamond to E				
S/C SATRANGE BODY OCC? OCC? (km) (Rs)	ALTITUDE PHASE ANGLR_I (km) (Rs) (deg) (deg	DIAMETER SUB_S/C ALON VREL mrad) LON LAT (deg) (km/s)	Z_HGHTANGLEFROM (km) SATRN EARTH RAM	Canberra 30.0 61.4 Hadrid -10.6 -39.8
SATURN 748437 12.42 IIIIAS 839496 13.93 ENCLADUS 946551 15.74 TETHYS 949649 8.29 DIONE 943625 15.66 RHEA 197874 19.88	689149 11.43 121.9 9.24 689297 13.93 128.9 0.03 948296 15.73 129.9 0.03 949314 8.28 113.0 0.12 943062 15.65 112.0 0.07 1197108 19.86 120.7 0.07	161.22 259 24 0 6.7 0.49 310 22 -115 10.1 0.54 342 19 -150 12.3 2.16 199 37 -11 10.6 1.19 45 19 112 16.7 1.28 22 15 146 144.1	0 0.0 55.7 45.6 -4132 11.6 49.5 55.7 25 8.9 48.0 50.7 5576 14.8 65.4 57.6 -166 22.1 64.2 24.7 -771 16.8 55.6 29.1	F07 13.6 deg 237.6 mrad FA 102.240 deg 102.240 deg DEC -9.833 deg Crosses_BP.0 Crosses_BP.0 0.000 Rs EPS Solar System Simulator v4.0 SEP 122.340 deg
TITAN 1125643 18.68 HYPERION 2112341 35.05 IAPETUS 4182141 69.39	1123068 18.63 113.2 0.26 2112202 35.05 109.9 0.01 4181394 69.38 141.2 0.02	4.58 323 16 -64 1.8 0.16 300 -6 132 10.9 0.36 1 7 171 8.3	-3230 75.7 70.4 120.3 10461 36.4 65.7 9.4 965322 34.3 34.4 34.8	Point NEG_Y 0 at SATURN 0 and align POS_X = Up 0 with NSP 0 RS rad angle 56.9 deg + User vector - RA: +91.633 Tilt L Up Tilt R Zoom Out ✓ Labels ✓ Axes Year ✓ Hour
PHDEBE 14604018 242.32 SATURN 748437 12.42	14603904 242.32 143.3 0.00 689149 11.43 121.9 9.24	0.02 4 -23 -111 7.9	4503181 76.6 40.8 107.1 0 0.0 55.7 45.6	Dec: +7.299 Left Reset Right Fill Screen ○ Orbits V Vectors Month ▲ Minute
JAL 024				Paste Current RA/DEC Image Down I Hi Res Zoom In I FOVs Lat/Ions Day Second
	Saturn Range	Phase Angle	Sub-S/C Lat.	Turn analyzer: SATURN to EARTH to about Z to n RWA = 5.6 min / 35.2 deg Event Image: Comparison of the state of the st
Segment Start	12.42	121.9	24	EDDY OCC? OCC? (km) (Rs) (deg) (deg) (deg) (km/s) (km) SATRN EANTH RAH SATURN 1267344 21.03 1207154 20.03 142.7 5.45 95.15 162 7 0 1.7 0 0.0 35.2 84.5
Periapse	1.05	36.0	-5	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Apoapse	21.12	144.3	5	TITAN 2494741 41.39 2492166 41.35 146.9 0.12 2.06 352 3 -175 6.4 8574 4.3 31.1 85.8 HYFERION 1512990 25.10 1512455 25.10 87.4 0.01 0.22 25 -29 61 5.0 -19291 72.0 88.3 25.0 IAPETUS 14092187 248.87 1432.0 0.02 0.32 10 6 140.4 6 876377 33.8 43.7 51.2 PHOEBE 14999189 24.8.7 142.5 0.00 0.02 58 -22 -120 2.7 4287723 59.4 41.3 126.5
Segment End	21.03	142.7	7	SATURN 1267344 21.03 1207154 20.03 142.7 5.45 95.15 162 7 0 1.7 0 0.0 35.2 84.5

Solar Geometry – ORS Boresight Concerns

	iDigit - Dave's Interactive	Geometry and Information Tool v3.1	
View of SATURN from CASSINI 2017 APR 26 14-07-00 UTC 78.3° field of view -Z -Z Solor System Simulator, v4-0 Point [NEG_Y) at [SATURN	A and aign POS_X ♦	TURN URANUS PHOEBE = Up © with NSP	
User vector - RA: +147.625 Tilt L	Up Tilt R	Zoom Out 🗹 🗆 Labels 🗹 Axes	Year 🔺 🕨 🔺 Hour
DEC: -28.763 Left	Reset Right	Fill Screen Orbits Vectors	Month
Paste Current RA/DEC	ge 🛛 Down 🗹 Hi Res	Zoom In V FOVs V Lat/Ions	Day A A Second
Turn analyzer: SATURN 🗘 to E	ARTH I about Z	♦ on RWA ♦ = 3.7 min / 15.2	deg Event
S/C SAT RANGE	ALTITUDE PHASE	ANGLR_DIAMETER SUB_S/C ALON VR	EL Z_HOHT ANGLE FROM
BODY OCC? OCC? (km) (Rs)	(km) (Rs) (deg)	(deg mrad) LON LAT (deg) (km	/s) (km) SATRN EARTH RAM
SATURN 307830 5.11 MIMAS 466068 7.73	249594 4.14 168.0 465863 7.73 174.2	22.58 394.11 58 -36 0 13 0.05 0.89 6 -23 170 21	
ENCELADUS 415868 6.90	415615 6.90 137.7	0.07 1.23 323 -26 -101 26	
TETHYS 488002 8.10	487465 8.09 154.2	0.13 2.21 31 -22 114 9	.2 -5464 35.0 21.3 116.4
DIONE 387968 6.44	387406 6.43 105.0	0.17 2.91 320 -28 -62 22	
RHEA 368661 6.12 TITAN 1367747 22.69	367895 6.10 76.4 1365172 22.65 125.3	0.24 4.16 23 -29 26 10 0.22 3.77 347 -8 -126 19	
TITAN 1367747 22.69 HYPERION 1594164 26.45	1365172 22.65 125.3 1594015 26.45 99.2		.2 332 50.1 59.0 163.5 .3 3052 87.5 76.3 61.4
IAPETUS 3801391 63.07	3800644 63.06 142.2	0.02 0.39 3 -2 128 12	
PHOEBE 14693631 243.80	14693522 243.80 141.6	0.00 0.02 254 -25 -148 12	
SATURN 307830 5.11	249594 4.14 168.0	22.58 394.11 58 -36 0 13	.8 0 0.0 15.2 142.6

 Pointing to NEG_Y to Saturn (center) would lead to a CMT (<12°) violation between 2017-116T14:06:53 and 2017-117T02:50:55.

Saturn 271 Legacy

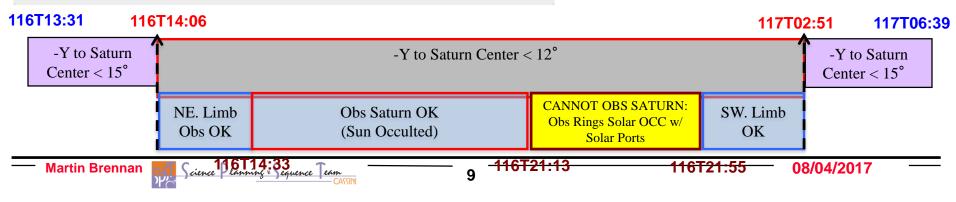
 Minimum NEG_Y to Saturn to Sun angle is ~1.25° at ~2017-116T17:57:30.

• Between 116T14:06 – 14:33 observing the North-Eastern Limb brings one out of the 12° cone, but possibly not the 15° cone. A waiver MAY be required.

•Between 116T14:32:48 - 21:13:33 Sun is behind Saturn, CMT management allows NEG_Y to Saturn & Rings for observations. A waiver WILL be required.

 Cannot observe Saturn from 116T21:13:33 – ~21:55:00, therefore observe Ring Solar Occultation with VIMS & UVIS Solar Ports (116T21:20:00 - 23:00:00).

•Between ~116T21:55:00 - 02:50:55 observing the South-Western Limb brings one out of the 12° cone, but not the 15° cone. A waiver WILL be required.



Periapse Quicklooks

Rev 271

VIMS_271SA_NHEMMAP001_PRIME UVIS_271SA_AURSLEW001_PRIME VIMS_271SA_NHEMMAP002_PRIME VIMS_271SA_NPOLMOV001_PIE

Begin Custom

Begin Dual Playback Science

ISS_271SA_HIRESWACS001_PIE

SP_271DR_RAMAVOID116_PRIME

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Dust Hazard (HGA-to-Dust-Ra...

Periapse R = 1.047 Rs, lat ...

ISS_271SA_HIRESWACS002_PIE

CIRS_271SA_REGMAP001_PIE

End Dual Playback Science

VIMS_271RI_HIPHASE001_PIE

SP_271SA_WAYPTTURN116_PRIME

NEW WAYPOINT

End Custom

VIMS_271RI_SOLAROCC001_PRIME UVIS_271SA_AURNSTARE001_PRIME

VIMS_271SA_ALPORIOCC001_PIE

UVIS_271SA_AURSLEW002_PRIME

- VIMS NHEMMAP001 performed mosaics of the northern Saturnian hemisphere for an hour.
- UVIS AURSLEW was a collaborative activity staring at the northern aurora (3hr) for VIMS, then repeated slews of the lit northern polar aurora (3hr) for UVIS science.
- VIMS NHEMMAP002 made mosaics for another hour, obtaining the opposite hemisphere.
- VIMS NPOLMOV PIE captured a high resolution movie of the north polar region including Saturn's North Polar Hexagon for nearly a full rotation of Saturn.
- The ISS HIRESWACS PIE began with a collaborative CIRS mosaics of the North Pole region, then ISS captured high resolution WAC images of the upper atmosphere as its field of view skimmed across the North Pole to equator (Begin Dual playback Sci.).
- SP RAMAVOID diverted Cassini to a safe attitude during the RPX, using its HGA as a shield against any ring particles. ISS rider continued its hi-res WAC across the equator, capturing the best resolution images yet, looking for small convective clouds.
- ISS HIRESWACS PIE continued hi-res WAC towards South Pole region.
- CIRS REGMAP PIE hi-res regional South Pole mapping (End Dual Playback Sci.).
- VIMS HIPHASE captured Saturn's outer faint E-ring down to the D-ring at extremely high solar phase angles which highlight the micron-sized dust particles.
- VIMS SOLAROCC and UVIS used their solar ports to observe a solar ring occultation (A G rings), studying size and distributions of the smallest ring particles.
- UVIS AURNSTARE and VIMS stared at Saturn's unlit South Polar Auroral Zone.
- VIMS ALPORIOCC PIE stellar occultation of Saturn's upper atmosphere attempted to peer deeper than the usual limit of ~5mbar.
- UVIS AURSLEW observed Saturn's South Polar Auroral Zone with repeated slews

25 Apr 2017 (DOY 115): The Saturn 271 was the first Proximal Orbit segment with the closest Periapse above Saturn's cloud tops to date, as well as an important first time ring plane crossing inside the D-ring. The Segment began as Cassini approached periapse, less than a day away, with VIMS mapping the northern Saturnian hemisphere (NHEMMAP001) with the mosaic centered at 35 deg N Latitude – i.e., covering the remnant region of the Great Storm of 2010-2011 - at a distance of about 12 Saturn radii (CIRS, ISS, and UVIS ride along). UVIS followed this with a collaborative VIMS observation, first staring at the northern aurora (AURSLEW) for 3hr supporting VIMS auroral imaging, then repeated slews across the illuminated northern polar aurora for 3hr of UVIS auroral imaging. Then VIMS (and riders) repeated its northern hemisphere mapping with another mosaic (NHEMMAP002).

As periapse was just hours away, VIMS captured a high resolution movie of the north polar region (including Saturn's North Polar Hexagon) with multiple 3x3 mosaics for nearly a full rotation of Saturn (NPOLMOV PIE), while CIRS, ISS, and UVIS ride. During this high-priority activity, VIMS took the **sharpest near-infrared movies to date** of the intricate structure and complex movements of features in and around the polar hexagon and the north polar vortex, with altitudes ranging from 7.5 tp 2.2 Saturn radii. **The last two mosaics/frames of the movie were taken with better than 100-km-per-pixel resolution, allowing unprecedented analysis of winds in the near-infrared, while much of the last mosaic is obtained at better than 70 km/pixel resolution, the sharpest near-infrared images yet acquired of the north polar region.**

Throughout this approach period, the MAPS instruments were also continuously collecting unique and valuable data about this new region of the Saturn environment. RPWS was able to observe the inner magnetosphere, followed by the auroral magnetosphere (e.g. the acceleration region) and SKR source regions as Cassini neared periapse over the North pole. MAG yielded unique observations of Saturn's internal magnetic field throughout this unique orbit track in latitude and longitude space.

Daily Science Highlights (2/4)

26 Apr 2017 (DOY 116): Just before reaching the first proximal periapse (the closest to Saturn of the Cassini Mission to-date), Cassini passed over Saturn's North Pole at altitudes of 2.2 down to 0.1 Saturn Radii, providing an excellent opportunity for a collaborative CIRS and ISS high resolution observation of the Northern pole region, with VIMS also riding along. This series of ISS and CIRS activities were the highest priority science for this orbit, warranting a dual playback plan to better guarantee that this high value data was preserved and downlinked. CIRS first collected high resolution temperature data mosaics (4X better than previous views) of the upper atmosphere of the North Pole region. Then ISS captured high resolution WAC images as its field of view traversed across the North Pole towards the equator (HIRESWACS001 PIE), conducting what is affectionately called "the noodle." While still pointed at the north polar region at the beginning of the traverse, VIMS acquired the highest resolution full-frame images of the planet to date. The main target of the noodle was north equatorial latitudes from about 20 deg North (when the camera reaches around 500m/pix resolution) to about -8 deg South (where Saturn is shadowed by the rings). Such proximity also provided the riding instruments with unprecedented high resolution observations. CIRS obtained 2km resolution, about 20x higher resolution then limb sounding and perhaps 100x higher than previous nadir observations. VIMS obtained about 50x better pixel resolution than the previous best images, but only is able to use a few pixels to obtain a continuous swath.

As Cassini skimmed over the cloud tops at ~3000 km altitude near the equator, the spacecraft had to divert to a safe attitude for the Ring-plane crossing, using its high gain antenna as a shield against any ring particles (RAMAVOID). During this maneuver, ISS continued its high resolution WAC image "noodle" with the best resolution of about 200 m/pixel (10x better than previous images), looking for small convective clouds and wave features in Saturn's atmosphere, perhaps indicative of deep thunderstorms.

Concurrently, the MAPS instruments collected exceptionally valuable science data as well as engineering data to better inform the mission & science planning teams how to protect Cassini during each of the ring-plan crossings. RPWS determined the equatorial dust flux & scale height as a function of radial distance (down to periapse of 1.05 Saturn radii, equivalent to 2964 km altitude), obtaining high resolution data of plasma waves at the magnetic equator. These measurements help in understanding whether there is a dust population migrating from the rings to the atmosphere.

Daily Science Highlights (3/4)

26 Apr 2017 (**DOY 116**) **Continued:** Similarly, as Cassini ascended from the first proximal periapse, the spacecraft passed over Saturn's South Pole spanning altitudes from 0.1 and 1.7 Saturn Radii, providing another excellent opportunity for a collaborative ISS and CIRS high resolution observation of the Southern pole region (HIRESWACS002 PIE), with VIMS riding along. ISS captured high resolution WAC images of the upper atmosphere as its field of view skimmed across the South Pole, outlining the "the noodle," (though in winter darkness, it is hoped that ringshine will allow some valuable cloud imaging)while CIRS also collected high resolution temperature data (5X better spatial resolution than previous observations).

Just after periapse and still in close view of Saturn's southern hemisphere, CIRS created a regional map of the south polar region (REGMAP PIE), obtaining temperature data of the southern vortex. This observation occurred at an altitude of 1.7-4.4 Saturn radii, observing between 87S and 90S and **at 2 to 4 times higher resolution than regional maps taken to-date.**

Next VIMS took advantage of this close proximity to perform radial mosaics of Saturn's outer faint rings out to the E-ring as well as the innermost D-ring at extremely solar high phase angles > 165 deg (HIPHASE PIE), which highlighted the micron-sized dust particles within these faint rings. With the disk of Saturn safely blocking (eclipsing) the Sun, the optical remote sensing instruments could observe at these very high phase angles which would otherwise expose Cassini's instrumentation to direct sunlight, damaging them. What makes this observation even more unique is the close range of 330,000-410,000 km and long observation duration >6 hrs, which allowed for great spatial resolution for VIMS. This was the only VIMS high phase PIE activity.

As the sun exited from behind Saturn's disk, it was unsafe for typical imaging of Saturn. Thus VIMS and UVIS used their solar ports to collaboratively observe a solar ring occultation (SOLAROCC). As the sun egressed, passing behind the A through G rings of Saturn, the instruments could study the size and spatial distributions of the smallest particles in the rings.

Throughout the ascent from periapse, the MAPS instruments were repeating their science strategy similar to the approach to capture unique and valuable magnetospheric and plasma data close to Saturn, but here over Saturn's South Pole.

Daily Science Highlights (4/4)

27 Apr 2017 (DOY 117): UVIS took the helm with a 2.7 hr auroral observation, staring at Saturn's South Polar Auroral Zone (AURNSTARE), while that region was in darkness. The long dwell times supported the collaborative VIMS imaging, as well as ISS and CIRS ride along observations. Next, VIMS began observing an occultation of Alpha Orionis (better known as Betelgeuse) by Saturn's atmosphere at 76 deg S. Latitude (ALPORIOCC PIE), while others were from 5 - 59 deg S. Latitude. This was the 3^{rd} of 6 Saturn Occultations by Alpha Orionis that VIMS performed in the F/Prox Orbits. It was the brightest star VIMS used during these important occultations, where VIMS (in image mode) followed the star as it is refracted by Saturn's atmosphere during the stellar occultation, thus allowing VIMS to peer deeper than their usual limit of ~5mbar.

Finally, UVIS took the lead again to complete its observation of Saturn's South Polar Auroral Zone (AURSLEW), this time focusing on UVIS imaging as it performed repeated slews, scanning Saturn's South Pole. The Solid State Recorders' unique science data were downlinked during an important 70M split pass. The dual playback was performed on each of the Goldstone and Canberra split passes. With the SSRs nearly emptied, ISS captured an Enceladus Plume PIE observation as part of the plume monitoring campaign (EN_PLUME PIE). At a distance of about 0.75-1.35 million km from Enceladus, this 12.5 hr observation allowed brightness variations of the entire plume to be observed on short timescales, excellent for testing theories of the plume production. This observations. This new data, along with what was obtained in Rev 286, helps in understanding this feature and whether or not it is persistent. Due to its exceptional length, it also covered the region of mean anomaly where normal brightening occurs. These data help characterize these variations, as well as promise a better understanding of the long term plume behavior.

28 Apr 2017 (DOY 118): VIMS did a couple of global pole to pole Saturn mosaics for almost 4 hours, with CIRS riding along. Next, CIRS led a sit and stare observation studying the composition of the Saturn atmosphere (COMPSIT) for a full Saturn rotation (about 11 hours).

29 Apr 2017 (DOY 119): The last observation of the segment was done by ISS with a bright illuminated limb integration with mid-IR sounding to obtain stratospheric thermal structure (LIMBINT); UVIS and VIMS rode.

Segment Integration Planning

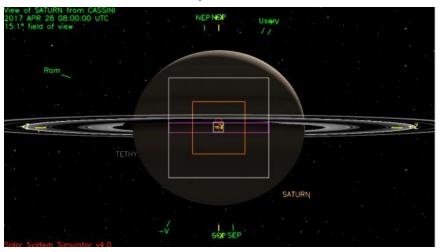
GAP Information (Gaps > 1hr duration)

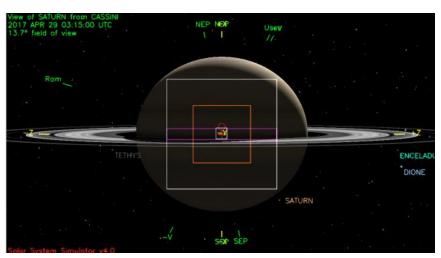
Saturn 271 Legacy

Gap	Start	End	Duration	Phase angle (range)	Rs range	Sub-S/C Lat.
1	2017-118T06:16:00	2017-118T10:05:00	000T03:49:00	153.8 to 152.5	18.67 to 19.24	-3 to -2
2	2017-118T21:15:00	2017-119T09:25:00	000T12:10:00	149.1 to 145.7	20.44 to 21.06	1 to 4

Gap 1







Beginning of Integration:

DATA VOLUME SUMMARY TRANSI	FER FRAME O	VERHEAD INC	LUDED (,80 BIT 	'S PER	. 8800-F	JIT FRA	ME)									
					OBS	ERVATI	ON_PERI	OD	r				DOWNLIN	K_PASS			
		- 				Р4			 ₽5 	RECC	ORDED 	·		PLAYB	ACK		·
DOWNLINK PASS NAME	Start doy hh:mm	End doy hh:mm	START (Mb)		HK+E (Mb)	TOTAL (Mb)	CPACTY (Mb)	Y MRGN (Mb)	 OPNAV (Mb)	 SCI (Mb)	====== ENGR (Mb)	 TOTAL (Mb)	CPACTY (Mb)	Y MARGN (Mb)	NET_M2 (Mb)	1ARGN (%)	 CAROVR (Mb)
SP_271EA_G70METNON117_PRIME SP_271EA_C70METNON117_PRIME SP_271EA_C34BWGNON118_PRIME SP_271EA_C70METNON119_PRIME	117 13:42 118 11:35	117 17:45 118 20:35	1155 0	0	171 0 75 63	1155 1979	3322 3322 3322 3322 3322	-2032 2167 1343 1716	0 0 0 0	429 176 196 196	47 24 53 53	3798 1354 2228 1855	1770 859 ·	-1155 415 -1370 1978	1758 1758 1716 1979	19% 27% 37% 52%	0 1369
			7	/													

Science data allocation > SSR Capacity

DATA VOLUME REPORT --- TRANSFER FRAME OVERHEAD NOT INCLUDED

Event	Start doy hh:mm	End doy hh:mm	CAPS (Mb)	CDA (Mb)	CIRS (Mb)	INMS (Mb)	ISS (Mb)	MAG (Mb)	MIMI (Mb)	RADAR (Mb)	RPWS (Mb)	UVIS (Mb)	VIMS (Mb)	PROBE (Mb)	ENGR (Mb)	TOTAL (Mb)
OBSERVATION NOR	115 13 : 12	117 05:42	0.0	117.1	346.9	0.0	1565.0	124.9	153.4	0.0	1026.5	565.7	1237.2	0.0	169.3	5306.1
SP 271EA G70METNON117 PRIME	117 05:42	117 13:42	0.0	15.1	72.9	0.0	0.0	14.2	24.5	0.0	294.3	4.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	425.2
SP 271EA C70METNON117 PRIME	117 13:42	117 17:45	0.0	7.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	7.2	12.4	0.0	19.1	2.2	0.0	0.0	125.4	173.9
DAILY TOTAL SCIENCE	115 13:12	117 17:45	0.0	139.8	419.8	0.0	1565.0	146.4	190.3	0.0	1339.9	572.2	1237.2	0.0	294.7	
OBSERVATION_NOR SP_271EA_C34BWGNON118_PRIME DAILY TOTAL SCIENCE		118 11:35 118 20:35 118 20:35	0.0 0.0 0.0	33.6 17.0 50.6	175.2 86.4 261.6	0.0	1200.0 0.0 1200.0	31.7 16.0 47.7	54.6 27.5 82.1	0.0 0.0 0.0	84.1 42.4 126.5	187.3 4.9 192.3	120.0 0.0 120.0	0.0 0.0 0.0	74.5 0.0 74.5	1961.1 194.3
OBSERVATION_NOR SP_271EA_C70METNON119_PRIME DAILY TOTAL SCIENCE	118 20:35 119 11:35 118 20:35	119 11:35 119 20:35 119 20:35	0.0 0.0 0.0	28.3 17.0 45.3	0.0 86.4 86.4	0.0 0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0 0.0	26.7 16.0 42.7	45.9 27.5 73.4	0.0 0.0 0.0	70.7 42.4 113.2	0.0 4.9 4.9	0.0 0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0 0.0	62.7 0.0 62.7	234.3 194.3

Waypoints

Saturn 271 Legacy

Standard Waypoints

4	OBS_NAME	START	END	POS_X_2_NSP	POS_X_2_NEP	NEG_X_2_NSP	NEG_X_2_NEP	POS_Z_2_NSP	POS_Z_2_NEP	NEG_Z_2_NSP	NEG_Z_2_NEP	NEG_X_2_SUN	NEG_Z_2_EARTH
	SP_271NA_OBSERV115_NA	2017-115T13:12:00	2017-117T05:57:00	**BAD**									
₽.	SP_271NA_OBSERV117_NA	2017-117T17:45:00	2017-118T11:35:00	**BAD**	**BAD**	ОК	ОК	ОК	ОК	**BAD**	**BAD**	ОК	**BAD**
	SP_271NA_OBSERV118_NA	2017-118T20:35:00	2017-119T11:35:00	**BAD**	**BAD**	ОК	ОК	ОК	ОК	**BAD**	**BAD**	ОК	**BAD**
P 2													
GAF													

RBOT Friendly Waypoints

	OBSERVATION PERIOD	START	END	POS_X	NEG_X	POS_Z	NEG_Z
	SP_271NA_OBSERV115_NA	2017-115T13:12:00	2017-117T05:57:00				
GAP 1:	SP_271NA_OBSERV117_NA	2017-117T17:45:00	2017-118T11:35:00	185.8/ 33.1	185.8/ 33.1	185.8/ 33.1	
GAP 2:	SP_271NA_OBSERV118_NA	2017-118T20:35:00	2017-119T11:35:00	185.8/ 33.1	185.8/ 33.1	185.8/ 33.1	

Good Periapse Waypoints

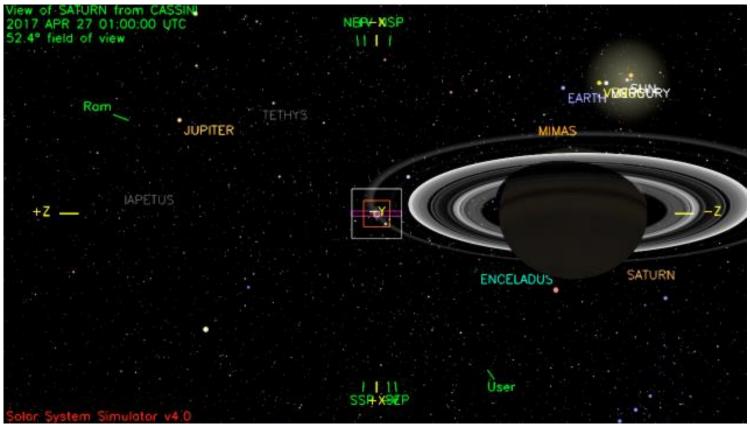
OBSERVATION PERIOD	START	END	POS_X	NEG_X	POS_Z	NEG_Z
SP_271NA_OBSERV000_NA	2017-115T13:12:00	2017-116T07:03:34	186.8/33.1	186.8/33.1	186.8/33.1	
SP_271NA_OBSERV000_NA	2017-115T13:12:00	2017-116T06:03:34	186.8/33.1	186.8/33.1	186.8/33.1	
SP_271NA_OBSERV000_NA	2017-115T13:12:00	2017-116T05:03:34	186.8/33.1	186.8/33.1	186.8/33.1	
SP_271NA_OBSERV000_NA	2017-115T13:12:00	2017-116T04:03:34	186.8/33.1	186.8/33.1	186.8/33.1	

Good Downlinks

DOWNLINK	START	END	POS_X_2_NSP	POS_X_2_NEP	NEG_X_2_NSP	NEG_X_2_NEP	POS_Y_2_NSP	POS_Y_2_NEP	NEG_Y_2_NSP	NEG_Y_2_NEP	ROLL_FLAG
SP_271EA_G70METNON117_PRIME	2017-117T05:57:00	2017-117T13:42:00	ОК	ОК	ОК	ОК	**BAD**	**BAD**	ОК	ОК	ОК
SP_271EA_C70METNON117_PRIME	2017-117T13:42:00	2017-117T17:45:00	ОК	ОК	ОК	ОК	**BAD**	**BAD**	ОК	ОК	ОК
SP 271EA C34BWGNON118 PRIME	2017-118T11:35:00	2017-118T20:35:00	ОК	ОК	ОК	ОК	**BAD**	**BAD**	ОК	ОК	ОК
SP_271EA_C70METNON119_PRIME	2017-119T11:35:00	2017-119T20:35:00	ОК	ОК	ОК	ОК	**BAD**	**BAD**	ОК	ОК	ОК

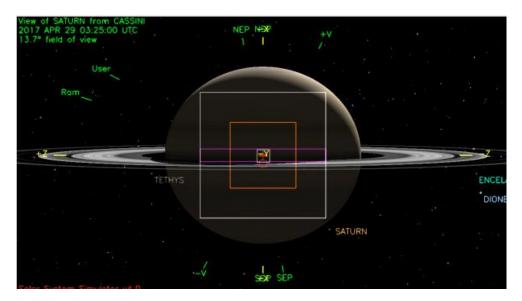
Waypoint 1 (2017-115T13:52:00 – 2017-116T21:20:00): No acceptable valid waypoint, custom period used.

Waypoint 2 (2017-116T21:20:00 – 2017-117T05:10:00): ISS_NAC to Saturn (-15.0,0.0,0.0 deg. offset), NEG_X to NSP



Waypoint 3 (2017-117T17:45:00 – 2017-118T21:15:00): Downlink attitude (XBAND to Earth, NEG_X to NSP) used without establishing a new waypoint to maximize ISS Enceladus Plume observation time

Waypoint 4 (2017-118T21:15:00 – 2017-119T10:05:00): ISS_NAC to Saturn, POS_Z to NSP



Notes (1/2)

- Pointing:
 - Waypoints:
 - RBOT friendly waypoints used when compatible with science
 - No Valid Waypoint for Periapse Period (2017-115T13:52 116T21:20 SCET, Duration 001T07:28): Use Custom Period
 - Custom Period (2017-116T06:30 116T21:20 SCET) Used to minimize turn times among instruments and avoid Waypoint issues
 - YGAPS & Quiescent Gaps:
 - Earth-pointed Z-bias during G70METNON117: Approval from SCO & NAV per email (Chuck Kirby & Duane Roth 6/29)
 - Earth-pointed 47 minute quiescent gap: 117T05:10-05:57
 - Collaborative PRIME/RIDER activities:
 - UVIS_271SA_AURSLEW001_PRIME: Collaborative w/ VIMS
 - ISS_271SA_HIRESWACS001_PIE: Collaborative w/ CIRS
 - SP_271DR_RAMAVOID116_PRIME: Collaborative w/ ISS
 - VIMS_271RI_SOLAROCC001_PRIME: Collaborative w/ UVIS
 - UVIS_271SA_AURNSTARE001_PRIME: Collaborative w/ VIMS
 - CIRS and VIMS temperature/boresite violations:
 - CIRS Max Temp = 81.46K (ΔT = 6.86K) at 116T09:19, >1.6K: 116T08:40 15:13, >5K: 116T09:05 10:29 (During SP RAMAVOID116)
 - CIRS provided approval via email (Paul Romani 10/26)
 - Consumable FR Wavier will be required (See SPLAT item)
 - VIMS Max Temp = $64.16K (\Delta T = 5.50K)$ at 116T09:23, >1K: 116T08:22 117T08:37, >2K: 116T08:44 117T00:07 (During SP RAMAVOID116)
 - VIMS provided approval via email (Ed Audi 8/18)
 - Consumable FR waiver will be required (See SPLAT item)
 - CIRS Boresite to Sun < 15° during DOY 116 117 (During CIRS REGMAP, VIMS HIPHASE, UVIS AURNSTARE & AURSLEW002)
 - CIRS Boresite to Sun angle $< 12^{\circ}$ occur only during Solar Occultation behind Saturn
 - CIRS provided approval via email (Paul Romani 10/26)
 - Operational FR Wavier will be required (See SPLAT item)
 - CMT Management required during the period 2017-116T14:39:47 21:06:32 SCET for the following violations (see SPLAT item):
 - NEG_Y to SUN angle $< 12^{\circ}$ (Min NEG_Y to Sun angle = 0.323° at 2017-116T16:41:09)
 - CMT Management required during the following activities:
 - VIMS HIPHASE PIE (violation at 116T14:40:40 21:06:20)
 - POS_X to SUN angle $< 83^{\circ}$ (Min POS_X to Sun angle $= 81.702^{\circ}$ at 2017-116T16:31:10)
 - CMT Management required during the following activities:
 - VIMS HIPHASE PIE (violation at 116T14:52:45 16:34:15)
 - Sun occulted behind Saturn between 2017-116T14:32:47 21:13:32 (from Tour Atlas)

Notes (2/2)

- Pointing (continued):
 - SIP Pre-SPTURN SPASS TXT Hand Edits for SP RAMAVOID116: Delete initial Collaborative Rider information leaving only pick up/hand off info:
 - WAS: "Collaborative Rider (s): ISS. Pick up at NEG Z to Dust RAM, POS Y to Sun; Hand off at NEG Z to Dust RAM, POS Y to Sun. ..." ٠ IS: "Pick up at NEG Z to Dust RAM, POS Y to Sun; Hand off at NEG Z to Dust RAM, POS Y to Sun. ..." •
 - PDT Violation: ISS HIRESWACS001 & 002 Excessive Turn Rates OKAY b/c \pm 3 hours of periapse ٠
 - Periapse Jumpstart of Merged PDT & AACS analysis for teams early PDT deliveries during 2017-115T13:52 117T04:47 (see SPLAT item) .
 - Data Volume:
 - **Dual Playback:** ٠
 - Hi-value data (116T06:30:00 14:30:00): ISS HIRESWACS001, SP RAMAVOID (RPX), ISS HIRESWACS002, CIRS REGMAP
 - Dual Playback/Hi-value data volume: 1388.27Mb ٠
 - 814Mb of data recorded on SSRB before Hi-value Period begins ٠
 - 633Mb carryover of non Hi-value data after 2nd playback ٠
 - SMT Warnings:
 - SP 271EA G70METNON117 PRIME Priority List conflicts with selected SSR. (SSRAP4,SSRBP4): OKAY b/c Dual Playback (1st playback) ٠
 - SP_271EA_C70METNON117_PRIME Priority List conflicts with selected SSR. (SSRAP4,SSRBP4): OKAY b/c Dual Playback (2nd playback)
 - DSN: No Level 3 requests identified
 - Juno Conflict with G70METNON117 (conflict of ~4hr at BOT): RPX/DPB 1st pass per Juno14day_ConflictAnalysis_RevL_nv.xlsx, (Juno plans likely changed)
 - ap downlink report check warnings dispositions (except %70M stations, ignore):
 - ٠ SP_271EA_G70METNON117_PRIMEhas an unusual priority playback list: OKAY b/c Dual Playback (1st playback)
 - SP_271EA_C70METNON117_PRIME has an unusual priority playback list: OKAY b/c Dual Playback (2nd playback)
 - Difference from original DSN strawman allocation: .
 - G70METNON117 Extended BOT by 15 min ٠
 - Moved handover of split pass 1.5 hr earlier between G70METNON117 and C70METNON117
- Resource checker dispositions:
 - G70METNON117: First Part value of SSRAP4 does not match default... : OKAY b/c Dual Playback
 - C70METNON117: First Part value of SSRAP4 does not match default... : OKAY b/c Dual Playback
 - DLTURN117: Gap of 32 minutes between DLTURN117 and G70METNON117: OKAY Gap intentional
- Opmodes: No unusual opmodes
- Hydrazine: N/A

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- **Special Activities:**
 - PIES: VIMS 271SA NPOLMOV001 PIE (2017-115T22:30:00 - 2017-116T06:30:00)
 - ISS 271SA HIRESWACS001 PIE ٠ (2017-116T06:30:00 - 2017-116T08:50:00) ٠
 - ISS 271SA HIRESWACS002 PIE (2017-116T09:10:00 - 2017-116T11:04:00)
 - CIRS 271SA REGMAP001 PIE (2017-116T11:04:00 - 2017-116T14:30:00) ٠
 - VIMS 271RI_HIPHASE001_PIE (2017-116T14:30:00 - 2017-116T21:15:00) . .
 - VIMS 271SA ALPORIOCC001 PIE (2017-117T01:39:00 2017-117T02:49:00) (2017-117T17:45:00 - 2017-118T06:16:00)
 - ISS 271EN PLUME001 PIE

Liens (1/2)

Sequence Liens (should all be SPLAT items):

- Dual Playback:
 - "During DSN negotiations ensure that SSR-A is emptied before the pointers are reset. This item cannot be closed until the DSN negotiations are complete for both downlink passes, or the dual playback is deleted."
- CMT Management waiver required for the period 2017-116T14:39:47 21:06:32 SCET due to the following CMT violations:
 - NEG_Y to Sun < 12° violation during VIMS_271RI_HIPHASE001_PIE at 2017-116T14:40:40 21:06:20. Minimum NEG_Y to Sun angle = 0.323° at 2017-116T16:41:09.
 - POS_X to Sun < 83° violation during VIMS_271RI_HIPHASE001_PIE at 2017-116T14:52:45 16:34:15. Minimum POS_X to Sun angle = 81.702° at 2017-116T16:31:10
 - Sun occulted behind Saturn between 2017-116T14:32:47 21:13:32 (from Tour Atlas)
- CIRS Boresite to Sun < 15° Operational FR waiver required during DOY 116 117 (During CIRS REGMAP, VIMS HIPHASE, UVIS AURNSTARE & AURSLEW002)
 - CIRS Boresite to Sun angle $< 12^{\circ}$ occur only during Solar Occultation behind Saturn
 - Sun occulted behind Saturn between 2017-116T14:32:47 21:13:32 (from Tour Atlas)
- CIRS heating violation Consumable FR waiver required during SP_271DR_RAMAVOID116_PRIME
 - CIRS Max Temp = 81.46K ($\Delta T = 6.86K$) at 116T09:19, >1.6K: 116T08:40 15:13, >5K: 116T09:05 10:29
- VIMS heating violation Consumable FR waiver required during SP_271DR_RAMAVOID116_PRIME
 - VIMS Max Temp = $64.16K (\Delta T = 5.50K)$ at 116T09:23, >1K: 116T08:22 117T08:37, >2K: 116T08:44-117T00:07
- AACS KPT/RBOT Analysis Actions:
 - Tweak the VIMS_271RI_SOLAROCC001_PRIME observation about the "UVIS_SOL_OFF" vector by 13 deg. This can be accomplished by using RA/DEC 302.700/61.915 as the secondary OK per VIMS, implemented in CIMS (to fix in Port1 SASF)
 - Insert a bias at the downlink attitude before the downlink rolls begin for SP_271EA_G70METNON117_PRIME between 2017-117T05:10 – 05:57
 - Slow the acceleration of the VIMS_271RI_HIPHASE001_PIE turn at 2017-116T21:03:00 OK per VIMS (to fix in Port1 SASF)

Liens (2/2)

Sequence Liens (should all be SPLAT items):

• The following science requests from 2017-115T13:52 to 117T04:47 in Saturn 271 have been designed in PDT during integration. Teams identified shall deliver these designs as part of the Port 1 delivery; SIP Leads to monitor.

VIMS_271SA_NHEMMAP001_PRIME

UVIS_271SA_AURSLEW001_PRIME

VIMS_271SA_NHEMMAP002_PRIME

VIMS_271SA_NPOLMOV001_PIE

ISS_271SA_HIRESWACS001_PIE (**POST**)

SP_271DR_RAMAVOID116_PRIME (POST)

ISS_271SA_HIRESWACS002_PIE (**POST**)

CIRS_271SA_REGMAP001_PIE

VIMS_271RI_HIPHASE001_PIE (**RBOT change to be delivered in Port1**)

VIMS_271RI_SOLAROCC001_PRIME (**RBOT change to be delivered in Port1**)

UVIS_271SA_AURNSTARE001_PRIME

VIMS_271SA_ALPORIOCC001_PIE

UVIS_271SA_AURSLEW002_PRIME

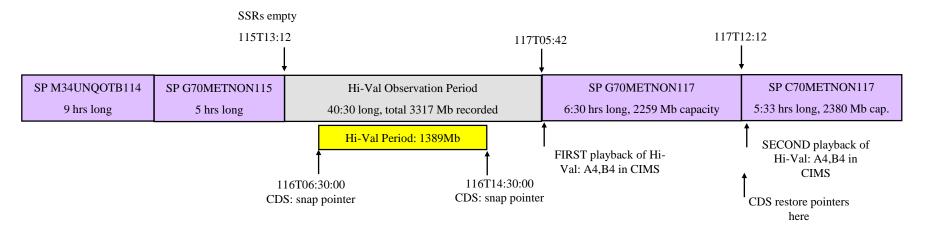
• SIP Leads to check that the POST science requests from 2017-116T06:30 to 116T11:04 in Saturn 271 are the same as what has been approved in integration:

https://cassini.jpl.nasa.gov/tools/index.php?q=file_exchange/dl/sip_xxm/s99/integration/sasf/Saturn_271_160811.sasf

Dual Playback: Saturn_271 (CDA/RPWS & ISS/CIRS PIES)

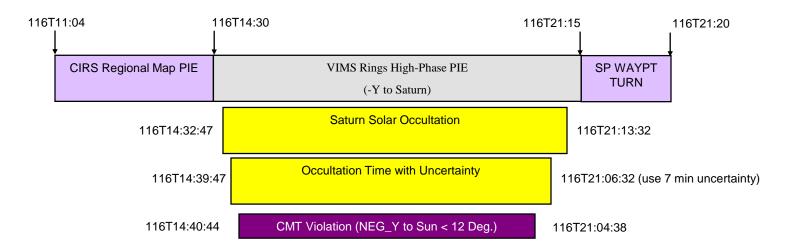
Saturn 271 Legacy								
Saturn271	BEGHIVAL	ENDHIVAL	P4 Dual Playback Data Volume	SSR empty before hi-val observation period? (if not verify any carryover on A fits with Hi-Val data)	SSR-A empty after first playback ?	PPL set to A4,B4 for first AND second playbacks?	SSRs empty after second playback? (if not does any Hi-Val data carry over?)	
RPX & ISS/CIRS PIEs	116T06:30	116T14:30	1388.266Mb	Yes	Yes	Yes	No , but no Hi-Val carryover	

Playbacks contiguous:



Reminder - ALL instruments' data is played back twice during P4 dual playback periods

- Y to Sun CMT Management and flight rule waivers will be needed for the VIMS Rings High-Phase PIE on DOY 116 during the solar occultation
 - Time of Saturn Solar Occultation is from the tour atlas.
 - Timing uncertainty is <u>+</u> 1.321 minutes as determined using Brad Wallis' "ask_carnac.pro" with a total of 7 minutes pad recommended



AACS Evaluation of Saturn 271 Jumpstart by David Bates (10/12/16)

•Rev 271 solution simplified by use of relaxed RBOT constraints for proximal orbits

- Tweak the VIMS 271RI SOLAROCC001 observation about the "UVIS_SOL_OFF" vector by 13 deg. This can be accomplished by using RA/DEC 302.700/61.915 as the secondary – OK per VIMS
- Insert a bias at the downlink attitude before the downlink rolls begin for G70METNON117 between 2017-117T05:10 – 05:57, no special action needed
- Slow the acceleration of the VIMS 271RI HIPHASE001 PIE turn at 2017-116T21:03:00 – OK per VIMS